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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, WESTERN DIVISION

12 JEFFREY AMADOR, VERONICA
13 BENNETT, individually and as
successors-in-interest to Connor
Amador, deceased,

Plaintiffs,

16 vs.
17 CITY OF LOMPOC; ALEXANDER
JUSTICE: DOES 1-10, inclusive

Defendants.

Case No. 2:25-cv-00167-FMO-SSC

**[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE
ORDER RE CONFIDENTIAL
DOCUMENTS**

Trial Date: None Set

19 PURSUANT TO THE STIPULATION OF THE PARTIES (“Stipulation for
20 Entry of Protective Order re Confidential Documents”), and pursuant to the Court’s
21 inherent and statutory authority, including but not limited to the Court’s authority
22 under the applicable Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the United States District
23 Court, Central District of California Local Rules; after due consideration of all of the
24 relevant pleadings, papers, and records in this action; and upon such other evidence
25 or argument as was presented to the Court; Good Cause appearing therefor, and in
26 furtherance of the interests of justice,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

1 **1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS.**

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production
3 of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from
4 public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting or defending
5 this litigation would be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and
6 petition the court to enter the following Stipulation and an associated Order.

7 The parties acknowledge that this Stipulation and associated Order does not
8 confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the
9 protection it affords extends only to the specified information or items that are entitled
10 to treatment as confidential.

11 The parties further acknowledge, as set forth below, that this Stipulation and
12 Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal, except to the
13 extent specified herein; Central District Local Rules 79-5.1 and 79-5.2 set(s) forth the
14 procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when
15 a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

16 Nothing in this Stipulation or associated Order shall be construed so as to
17 require or mandate that any Party disclose or produce privileged information or
18 records that could be designated as Confidential Documents/Protected Material
19 hereunder.

20 **STIPULATION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER RE CONFIDENTIAL**
21 **RECORDS**

22 **2. DEFINITIONS.**

23 2.1. Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,
24 employees, agents, consultants, retained experts, house counsel and outside counsel
25 (and/or the support staff thereof).

26 2.2. Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless
27 of the medium or manner generated, stored or maintained (including, among other

1 things, testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced – or generated in
2 disclosures or responses to discovery – by any Party in this matter.

3 2.3. “Confidential” Information or Items: information (regardless of the
4 medium or how generated, stored, or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for
5 protection under standards developed under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c)
6 and/or applicable federal privileges. This material includes, but is not limited to,
7 medical records, psychotherapeutic records, and autopsy photographs; as well as
8 peace officer personnel records as defined by California Penal Code sections 832.8,
9 832.5, 832.7 and the associated case law; and other similar confidential records
10 designated as such.

11 2.4. Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material
12 from a Producing Party, including a Party that has noticed or subpoenaed and is taking
13 a deposition or comparable testimony.

14 2.5. Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or
15 Discovery Material in this action, including a Party that is defending a deposition
16 noticed or subpoenaed by another Party; additionally, for the limited purpose of
17 designating testimony subject to this Stipulation and Order pursuant to section 6.2(b)
18 (*infra*), a “Producing Party” shall also be construed to include a Party that is attending
19 and/or participating in a non-party deposition noticed/subpoenaed by another Party.

20 2.6. Designating Party: a Party or non-party public entity employer of a Party
21 that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to
22 discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

23 2.7. Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is
24 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” under the provisions of this Stipulation and
25 Protective Order. (The term “Confidential Document” shall be synonymous with the
26 term “Protected Material” for the purposes of this Stipulation and any associated
27 Protective Order.)

28 2.8. Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who

1 are retained to represent or advise a Party in this action (as well as their support staffs).

2 2.9. House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party (as well as their
3 support staffs).

4 2.10. Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as
5 well as their support staffs).

6 2.11. Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
7 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as
8 an expert witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current
9 employee of a Party and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an
10 employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party's; as well as any person retained,
11 designated, or disclosed by a Party as an expert pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil
12 Procedure 26(a)(2) or other applicable discovery Rules or statutes.

13 2.12. Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support
14 services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or
15 demonstrations; and/or organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium;
16 etc.); and their employees and subcontractors.

17 **3. SCOPE OF PROTECTION.**

18 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and its associated Order cover not
19 only Protected Material/Confidential Documents (as defined above), but also (1) any
20 information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts,
21 summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,
22 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected
23 Material. However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and its associated
24 Order do *not* cover the following information: (a) any information that is in the public
25 domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public
26 domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving
27 a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or
28 otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the

1 disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who
2 obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the
3 Designating Party.

4 Except to the extent specified herein (if any), any use of Protected Material at
5 trial shall not be governed by this Order, but may be governed by a separate agreement
6 or order.

7 Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the Orders of the
8 trial judge: this Stipulation and its associated Protective Order do(es) not govern the
9 use of Protected Material at trial.

10 **4. DURATION OF PROTECTION.**

11 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
12 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees
13 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

14 Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims
15 and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein
16 after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or
17 reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications
18 for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

19 **5. DESIGNATION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL/CONFIDENTIAL**
20 **DOCUMENTS.**

21 **5.1. Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.**

22 Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection
23 under this Stipulation and its associated Order must take care to limit any such
24 designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A
25 Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of
26 material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that
27 other portions of the material, documents, items or communications for which

1 protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

2 Mass, indiscriminate, or routine designations are prohibited. Designations that
3 are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose
4 (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose
5 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to
6 sanctions.

7 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that
8 it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for
9 the level of protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify
10 all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

11 5.2. Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in
12 this Order, or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material that qualifies for protection
13 under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or
14 produced.

15 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

16 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of
17 depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings, and regardless of whether produced
18 in hardcopy or electronic form), that the Producing Party affix the legend
19 “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion
20 or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also
21 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings
22 in the margins) and must specify, for each portion that it is “CONFIDENTIAL.” The
23 placement of such “CONFIDENTIAL” stamp on such page(s) shall not obstruct the
24 substance of the page’s (or pages’) text or content.

25 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for
26 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has
27 indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection
28 and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be

1 deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents
2 it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents,
3 or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing
4 the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL"
5 legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of
6 the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly
7 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the
8 margins).

9 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings,
10 that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record,
11 before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected
12 testimony, and further specify any portions of the testimony that qualify as
13 "CONFIDENTIAL." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of
14 testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions
15 of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Producing Party may invoke on the
16 record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to twenty
17 (20) days to identify the specific portions of the testimony as "CONFIDENTIAL."
18 Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated as
19 "CONFIDENTIAL" for protection within the 20 days shall be covered by the
20 provisions of this Stipulation and its associated Protective Order.

21 The court reporter must affix to each such transcript page containing Protected
22 Material the legend "CONFIDENTIAL," as instructed by the Producing Party.

23 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for
24 any other tangible items (including but not limited to information produced on disc or
25 electronic data storage device), that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on
26 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored
27 the legend "CONFIDENTIAL." If only portions of the information or item warrant
28 protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected

1 portions, specifying the material as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

2 5.3. Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected (preferably,
3 though not necessarily, within 30 days of production or disclosure of such material),
4 an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as
5 “CONFIDENTIAL” does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to
6 secure protection under this Stipulation and its associated Order for such material.

7 If material is appropriately designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” *after* the material
8 was initially produced, the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation,
9 must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with
10 this Stipulation and its associated Order.

11 5.4. Alteration of Confidentiality Stamp Prohibited. A Receiving Party shall
12 not alter, edit, or modify any Protected Material so as to conceal, obscure, or remove
13 a “CONFIDENTIAL” stamp or legend thereon; nor shall a Receiving Party take any
14 other action so as to make it appear that Protected Material is not subject to the terms
15 and provisions of this Stipulation and its associated Order. However, nothing in this
16 section shall be construed so as to prevent a Receiving Party from challenging a
17 confidentiality designation subject to the provisions of section 6, *infra*.

18 **6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS.**

19 6.1. Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
20 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court’s
21 Scheduling Order. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality
22 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
23 economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party
24 does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to
25 mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

26 6.2. Meet and Confer. Prior to challenging a confidentiality designation, a
27 Challenging Party shall initiate a dispute resolution process by providing written
28 notice of each specific designation it is challenging, and describing the basis (and

1 supporting authority or argument) for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to
2 whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must recite that the challenge
3 to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph of the
4 associated Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in
5 good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice
6 dialogue, either in person, telephonically, or by other comparable means, but *not* by
7 correspondence) within 14 days of the date of service of notice.

8 In conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the specific basis for its belief
9 that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating
10 Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the
11 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the
12 chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the
13 challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or
14 establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer
15 process in a timely manner.

16 Frivolous challenges, and those challenges made for an improper purpose (e.g.,
17 to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), may expose
18 the Challenging Party to sanctions.

19 6.3. Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a confidentiality
20 challenge without court intervention, the Challenging Party shall file and serve a
21 motion to remove confidentiality (under the applicable rules for filing and service of
22 discovery motions) within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer
23 process will not resolve their dispute, or by the first day of trial of this matter,
24 whichever date is earlier – unless the parties agree in writing to a longer time.

25 The parties must strictly comply with Central District Local Rules 37-1 and 37-
26 2 (including the joint stipulation re discovery dispute requirement) in any motion
27 associated with this Protective Order.

28 Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming

1 that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the
2 preceding paragraph. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion
3 challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing
4 so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions
5 thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a
6 competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and
7 confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

8 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the
9 Designating Party, regardless of whether the Designating Party is the moving party or
10 whether such Party sought or opposes judicial intervention. Frivolous challenges, and
11 those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses
12 and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless
13 the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to oppose
14 a motion to remove confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to
15 afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the
16 Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the challenge.

17 **6.4. Withdrawal of "CONFIDENTIAL" Designation.** At its discretion, a
18 Designating Party may remove Protected Material/Confidential Documents from
19 some or all of the protections and provisions of this Stipulation and its associated
20 Order at any time by any of the following methods:

21 (a) **Express Written Withdrawal.** A Designating Party may withdraw a
22 "CONFIDENTIAL" designation made to any specified Protected Material
23 /Confidential Documents from some or all of the protections of this Stipulation and
24 its associated Order by an express withdrawal in a writing signed by such Party (or
25 such Party's Counsel, but not including staff of such Counsel) that specifies and
26 itemizes the Disclosure or Discovery Material previously designated as Protected
27 Material/Confidential Documents that shall no longer be subject to all or some of the
28 provisions of this Stipulation and Order. Such express withdrawal shall be effective

1 when transmitted or served upon the Receiving Party. If a Designating Party is
2 withdrawing Protected Material from only some of the provisions/ protections of this
3 Stipulation and Order, such Party must state which specific provisions are no longer
4 to be enforced as to the specified material for which confidentiality protection
5 hereunder is withdrawn: otherwise, such withdrawal shall be construed as a
6 withdrawal of such material from all of the protections/provisions of this Stipulation
7 and Order;

8 (b) Express Withdrawal on the Record. A Designating Party may withdraw
9 a “CONFIDENTIAL” designation made to any specified Protected
10 Material/Confidential Documents from all of the provisions/protections of this
11 Stipulation and its associated Order by verbally consenting in court proceedings on
12 the record to such withdrawal – provided that such withdrawal specifies the
13 Disclosure or Discovery Material previously designated as Protected Material/
14 Confidential Documents that shall no longer be subject to any of the provisions of this
15 Stipulation and Order. A Designating Party is not permitted to withdraw Protected
16 Material from only some of the protections/provisions of this Stipulation and Order
17 by this method;

18 (c) Implicit Withdrawal by Publication or Failure to Oppose Challenge. A
19 Designating Party shall be construed to have withdrawn a “CONFIDENTIAL”
20 designation made to any specified Protected Material/Confidential Documents from
21 all of the provisions/protections of this Stipulation and Order by either (1) making
22 such Protected Material/Confidential Records part of the public record – including
23 but not limited to attaching such as exhibits to any filing with the court without
24 moving, prior to such filing, for the court to seal such records; or (2) failing to timely
25 oppose a Challenging Party’s motion to remove a “CONFIDENTIAL” designation to
26 specified Protected Material/Confidential Documents. Nothing in this Stipulation and
27 Order shall be construed so as to require any Party to file Protected
28 Material/Confidential Documents under seal, unless expressly specified herein.

1 **7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

2 7.1. Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
3 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case
4 only for preparing, prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation – up
5 to and including final disposition of the above-entitled action – and not for any other
6 purpose, including any other litigation or dispute outside the scope of this action.
7 Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under
8 the conditions described in this Stipulation and its associated Order. When the above
9 entitled litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the
10 provisions of section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

11 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
12 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons
13 authorized under this Stipulation and its Order.

14 7.2. Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless
15 otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a
16 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL
17 only to:

18 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well
19 as employees of such Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
20 information for this litigation;

21 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
22 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation – each
23 of whom, by accepting receipt of such Protected Material, thereby agree to be bound
24 by this Stipulation and Order;

25 (c) Experts (as defined in this Stipulation and Order) of the Receiving Party
26 to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation – each of whom, by
27 accepting receipt of such Protected Material, thereby agree to be bound by this
28 Stipulation and Order;

1 (d) court reporters, their staffs, and Professional Vendors to whom
2 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation – each of whom, by accepting
3 receipt of such Protected Material, thereby agree to be bound by this Stipulation and
4 Order;

5 (e) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
6 reasonably necessary – each of whom, by accepting receipt of such Protected
7 Material, thereby agree to be bound by this Stipulation and Order. Pages of
8 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected
9 Material must have a confidential designation affixed by the court reporter to such
10 pages containing Protected Material and such may not be disclosed to anyone except
11 as permitted under this Stipulation and its Protective Order.

12 (f) the author or custodian of a document containing the information that
13 constitutes Protected Material, or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the
14 information.

15 7.3. Notice of Confidentiality. Prior to producing or disclosing Protected
16 Material/Confidential Documents to persons to whom this Stipulation and its Order
17 permits disclosure or production (see section 8.2, *supra*), a Receiving Party shall
18 provide a copy of this Stipulation and Order to such persons so as to put such persons
19 on notice as to the restrictions imposed upon them herein: except that, for court
20 reporters, Professional Vendors, and for witnesses being provided with Protected
21 Material during a deposition, it shall be sufficient notice for Counsel for the Receiving
22 Party to give the witness a verbal admonition (on the record, for witnesses) regarding
23 the provisions of this Stipulation and its Order and such provisions' applicability to
24 specified Protected Material at issue.

25 7.4. Reservation of Rights. Nothing in this Stipulation and Order shall be
26 construed so as to require any Producing Party to designate any records or materials
27 as "CONFIDENTIAL." Nothing in this Stipulation and Order shall be construed so
28 as to prevent the admission of Protected Material into evidence at the trial of this

1 action, or in any appellate proceedings for this action, solely on the basis that such
2 Disclosure or Discovery Material has been designated as Protected
3 Material/Confidential Documents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this
4 Stipulation and Order shall be construed as a waiver of any privileges or of any rights
5 to object to the use or admission into evidence of any Protected Material in any
6 proceeding; nor shall anything herein be construed as a concession that any privileges
7 asserted or objections made are valid or applicable. Nothing in this Stipulation and
8 Order shall be construed so as to prevent the Designating Party (or its Counsel or
9 custodian of records) from having access to and using Protected Material designated
10 by that Party in the manner in which such persons or entities would typically use such
11 materials in the normal course of their duties or profession – except that the waiver of
12 confidentiality provisions shall apply (see section 6.4(c), *supra*).

13 7.5. Requirement to File Confidential Documents Under Seal. Confidential
14 Documents may be submitted in all law and motion proceedings before the Court if
15 done so under seal pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 5.2 and 26 and/or
16 United States District Court, Central District of California Local Rules 79-5.1 and 79-
17 5.2 (as applicable) and pursuant to the provisions of this Stipulation and any
18 associated Order. If any Receiving Party attaches any Confidential Documents to any
19 pleading, motion, or other paper to be filed, lodged, or otherwise submitted to the
20 Court, such Confidential Document(s) shall be filed/lodged under seal pursuant to
21 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 5.2 and 26 and/or United States District Court,
22 Central District of California Local Rules 79-5.1 and 79-5.2 to the extent applicable.

23 However, this paragraph (¶ 7.5) shall not be construed so as to prevent a
24 Designating Party or counsel from submitting, filing, lodging, or publishing any
25 document it has previously designated as a Confidential Document without
26 compliance with this paragraph's requirement to do so under seal (i.e., a producing-
27 disclosing party or counsel may submit or publish its own Confidential Documents
28 without being in violation of the terms of this Stipulation and its Protective Order).

1 Furthermore, a Receiving Party shall be exempted from the requirements of
2 this paragraph as to any specifically identified Confidential Document(s) where –
3 prior to the submission or publication of the Confidential Document(s) at issue – the
4 Designating Party of such specifically identified Confidential Document(s) has
5 waived/withdrawn the protections of this Stipulation and its Order (pursuant to
6 paragraph 6.4, *supra*).

7 A Receiving Party shall also be exempt from the sealing requirements of this
8 paragraph (¶ 7.5) where the Confidential Documents/Protected Material at issue is/are
9 **not** documents, records, or information regarding or incorporating:

10 (1) private, personal information contained in peace officer personnel files
11 (such as social security numbers, driver's license numbers or comparable personal
12 government identification numbers, residential addresses, compensation or pension
13 or personal property information, credit card numbers or credit information, dates of
14 birth, tax records and information, information related to the identity of an officer's
15 family members or co-residents, and comparable personal information about the
16 officer or his family);

17 (2) any internal affairs or comparable investigation by any law enforcement
18 agency into alleged officer misconduct; and/or

19 (3) the medical records or records of psychiatric or psychological treatment
20 of any peace officer or party to this action.

21 Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to bind the Court or its authorized
22 staff so as to limit or prevent the publication of any Confidential Documents to the
23 jury or factfinder, at the time of trial of this matter, where the Court has deemed such
24 Confidential Documents to be admissible into evidence.

25 **8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED**
26 **PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.**

27 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation
28

1 that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as
2 “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party must:

3 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party, preferably (though not
4 necessarily) by facsimile or electronic mail. Such notification shall include a copy of
5 the subpoena or court order at issue;

6 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
7 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena
8 or order is subject to this Stipulation and its Protective Order. Such notification shall
9 include a copy of this Stipulation and its Protective Order; and

10 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued
11 by all sides in any such situation, while adhering to the terms of this Stipulation and
12 its Order.

13 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with
14 the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action
15 as “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena
16 or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The
17 Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court
18 of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as
19 authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful
20 directive from another court.

21 The purpose of this section is to ensure that the affected Party has a meaningful
22 opportunity to preserve its confidentiality interests in the court from which the
23 subpoena or court order issued.

24 **9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

25 9.1. Unauthorized Disclosure of Protected Material.

26 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
27 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
28 Stipulation and Order, the Receiving Party must immediately:

9.2. Inadvertent Production of Privileged or Otherwise Protected Material.

8 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain
9 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection,
10 the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil
11 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure
12 may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior
13 privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the
14 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or
15 information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the
16 parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted
17 to the court.

10. PUBLICATION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL PROHIBITED.

10.1. Filing of Protected Material.

Without advance written permission from the Designating Party, or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Receiving Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with the applicable Federal and Local Rules.

10.2. Public Dissemination of Protected Material.

26 A Receiving Party shall not publish, release, post, or disseminate Protected
27 Material to any persons except those specifically delineated and authorized by this
28 Stipulation and its Order (see section 7, *supra*); nor shall a Receiving Party publish,

1 release, leak, post, or disseminate Protected Material/Confidential Documents to any
2 news media, member of the press, website, or public forum (except as permitted under
3 section 7.5 regarding filings with the court in this action and under seal).

4 **11. FINAL DISPOSITION.**

5 Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within
6 thirty (30) days after the final termination of this action (defined as the dismissal or
7 entry of judgment by the above named court, or if an appeal is filed, the disposition
8 of the appeal), upon written request by the Producing Party, each Receiving Party
9 must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party – whether retained by the
10 Receiving Party or its Counsel, Experts, Professional Vendors, agents, or any non-
11 party to whom the Receiving Party produced or shared such records or information.

12 As used in this subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies,
13 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any
14 of the Protected Material, regardless of the medium (hardcopy, electronic, or
15 otherwise) in which such Protected Material is stored or retained.

16 In the alternative, at the discretion of the Receiving Party, the Receiving Party
17 may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it – unless such
18 Protected Material is an original, in which case, the Receiving Party must obtain the
19 Producing Party’s written consent before destroying such original Protected Material.

20 Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party
21 must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person
22 or entity, to the Designating Party) within thirty (30) days of the aforementioned
23 written request by the Designating Party that specifically identifies (by category,
24 where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that
25 affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations,
26 summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected material
27 (in any medium, including but not limited to any hardcopy, electronic or digital copy,
28 or otherwise).

1 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy
2 of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda filed with the court in
3 this action, as well as any correspondence or attorney work product prepared by
4 Counsel for the Receiving Party, even if such materials contain Protected Material;
5 however, any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain
6 subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above. This
7 court shall retain jurisdiction in the event that a Designating Party elects to seek court
8 sanctions for violation of this Stipulation and its Order.

9 **12. MISCELLANEOUS.**

10 12.1. Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Stipulation and its Order
11 abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

12 12.2. Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of a
13 Protective Order pursuant to this Stipulation, no Party waives any right it otherwise
14 would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any
15 ground not addressed in this Stipulation and its Order. Similarly, no Party waives any
16 right to object on any ground to use in evidence any of the material covered by this
17 Stipulation and its Protective Order.

18 The provisions of the parties' Stipulation and this Protective Order shall be in
19 effect until further Order of the Court.

20 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

21
22 Dated: _____, 2025

23 **UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**

FEDERAL COURT PROOF OF SERVICE
Jeffrey Amador, et al v. City of Lompoc, et al.
Case No. 2:25-cv-00167-FMO-SSC

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to the action. My business address is 633 West 5th Street, Suite 4000, Los Angeles, CA 90071. I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made.

On May 7, 2025, I served the following document(s): **[PROPOSED]
PROTECTIVE ORDER RE CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS**

I served the documents on the following persons at the following addresses (including fax numbers and e-mail addresses, if applicable):

Law Offices of Dale K. Galipo
Dale K. Galipo (Bar No. 144074)
Hang D. Le (Bar No. 293450)
Santiago G. Laurel
dalekgalipo@yahoo.com
hlee@galipolaw.com
slaurel@galipolaw.com
21800 Burbank Blvd., Suite 310
Woodland Hills, CA 91367
T: (818) 347-3333

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFFS

The documents were served by the following means:

(BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION) Based on a court order or an agreement of the parties to accept service by e-mail or electronic transmission, I caused the documents to be sent to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed above. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America and the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on May 7, 2025, at Los Angeles, California.

Curfew F. Wilson